

## global panels diseases tested



### WHY TEST FOR THESE DISEASES?

- ◀ This test includes 200+ hereditary diseases that can cause serious health problems, beginning in infancy or childhood.
- ◀ Children born with these diseases often benefit from early diagnosis and treatment.
- ◀ Most children born with a genetic disease have no affected family members.
- ◀ Being a carrier is common. About **1 in 3 people** are found to be a carrier when tested for these diseases.

progenity®

The information contained in this document is provided by Progenity as an educational service for clinicians and their patients and is not medical advice. Progenity complies with applicable Federal civil rights laws and does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability, or sex. Progenity is a CLIA-certified clinical laboratory and is accredited by the College of American Pathologists (CAP).

# GLOBAL PANELS DISEASES TESTED

17-alpha-hydroxylase deficiency  
 17-beta-hydroxysteroid dehydrogenase deficiency, type III  
 3-beta-hydroxysteroid dehydrogenase deficiency, type II  
 3-hydroxy-3-methylglutaryl CoA lyase deficiency  
 3-methylglutaconic aciduria, type III  
 3-phosphoglycerate dehydrogenase deficiency  
 Abetalipoproteinemia  
 Achalasia-addisonianism-alacrima syndrome  
 Achromatopsia, CNGA3-related  
 Achromatopsia, CNGB3-related  
 Acrodermatitis enteropathica  
 Adenosine deaminase deficiency  
 Adrenoleukodystrophy (X-linked)\*  
 Aicardi-Goutieres syndrome, RNASEH2C-related  
 Aicardi-Goutieres syndrome, SAMHD1-related  
 Aicardi-Goutieres syndrome, TREX1-related  
 Alkaptonuria  
 Alpha-mannosidosis  
 Alpha-thalassemia  
 Alport syndrome, COL4A3-related  
 Alport syndrome, COL4A5-related (X-linked)\*  
 Amish infantile epilepsy syndrome  
 Andermann syndrome  
 Argininosuccinic aciduria  
 Aromatase deficiency  
 Arthrogryposis, mental retardation and seizures  
 Arts syndrome (X-linked)\*  
 Aspartylglycosaminuria  
 Ataxia-telangiectasia  
 Ataxia-telangiectasia-like disorder  
 Ataxia with vitamin E deficiency  
 Autoimmune polyglandular syndrome, type I  
 Autosomal recessive polycystic kidney disease  
 Bardet-Biedl syndrome, BBS1-related  
 Bardet-Biedl syndrome, BBS10-related  
 Bardet-Biedl syndrome, BBS12-related  
 Bartter syndrome, type IV  
 Beta-ketothiolase deficiency  
 Beta-thalassemia  
 Bilateral frontoparietal polymicrogyria  
 Biotinidase deficiency  
 Bloom syndrome  
 Canavan disease  
 Carnitine palmitoyltransferase I deficiency  
 Carnitine palmitoyltransferase II deficiency  
 Carpenter syndrome  
 Cartilage-hair hypoplasia  
 Charcot-Marie-Tooth disease, GJB1-related (X-linked)\*  
 Charcot-Marie-Tooth disease, PRP51-related (X-linked)\*  
 Chediak-Higashi syndrome  
 Cholesteryl ester storage disease  
 Chorioideremia (X-linked)\*  
 Citrullinemia, type I  
 Congenital amegakaryocytic thrombocytopenia  
 Congenital disorder of glycosylation, type IA  
 Congenital disorder of glycosylation, type IB  
 Congenital lipid adrenal hyperplasia  
 Congenital neutropenia, HAX1-related  
 Corneal dystrophy and perceptive deafness syndrome  
 Corticosterone methyloxidase deficiency  
 Creatine transporter defect, SLC6A8-related (X-linked)\*  
 Crigler-Najjar syndrome  
 Cystic fibrosis (600 mutations)  
 Cystinosis  
 D-bifunctional protein deficiency  
 Desbuquois dysplasia, type I  
 Dihydroliipoamide dehydrogenase deficiency  
 Dihydropyrimidine dehydrogenase deficiency  
 Du Pan syndrome  
 Dyskeratosis congenita, RTEL1-related  
 Dyskeratosis congenita, DKC1-related (X-linked)\*  
 Dystrophic epidermolysis bullosa, COL7A1-related  
 Early onset myopathy with fatal cardiomyopathy  
 Ehlers-Danlos syndrome, type VIIC  
 Emery-Dreifuss muscular dystrophy (X-linked)\*  
 Enhanced 5-cone syndrome  
 Ethylmalonic encephalopathy

Fabry disease (X-linked)\*  
 Familial dysautonomia  
 Familial hyperinsulinism, ABCC8-related  
 Familial hyperinsulinism, KCNJ11-related  
 Familial Mediterranean fever  
 Fanconi anemia, type A  
 Fanconi anemia, type C  
 Fetal akinesia deformation sequence, DOK7-related  
 Fragile X syndrome (X-linked)\*  
 Fumarase deficiency  
 Galactokinase deficiency  
 Galactosemia  
 Gaucher disease  
 Geroderma osteodysplastica  
 Gitelman syndrome  
 Glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase deficiency (X-linked)\*  
 Glutaric acidemia, type I  
 Glycine encephalopathy, AMT-related  
 Glycine encephalopathy, GLDC-related  
 Glycogen storage disease, type IA  
 Glycogen storage disease, type IB  
 Glycogen storage disease, type II  
 Glycogen storage disease, type III  
 Glycogen storage disease, type IV  
 Glycogen storage disease, type V  
 Glycogen storage disease, type VII  
 GM1-gangliosidosis  
 GRACILE syndrome  
 Guanidinoacetate methyltransferase deficiency  
 Hemoglobinopathy, Hb C  
 Hemoglobinopathy, Hb D  
 Hemoglobinopathy, Hb E  
 Hemoglobinopathy, Hb O  
 Hemophilia A (X-linked)\*  
 Hemophilia B (X-linked)\*  
 Hepatocerebral mitochondrial DNA depletion syndrome, MPV17-related  
 Hermansky-Pudlak syndrome, type III  
 Holocarboxylase synthetase deficiency  
 Homocystinuria, CBS-related  
 Hyperphosphatemic familial tumoral calcinosis  
 Hypohidrotic ectodermal dysplasia  
 Hypophosphatasia  
 Isovaleric acidemia  
 Joubert syndrome 2  
 Junctional epidermolysis bullosa, LAMB3-related  
 Juvenile retinoschisis (X-linked)\*  
 Krabbe disease  
 Leber congenital amaurosis, LCA5-related  
 Leber congenital amaurosis, RDH12-related  
 Leigh syndrome, French Canadian  
 Limb-girdle muscular dystrophy, type 2A  
 Limb-girdle muscular dystrophy, type 2D  
 Limb-girdle muscular dystrophy, type 2E  
 Limb-girdle muscular dystrophy, type 2I  
 Lipoprotein lipase deficiency  
 Long-chain 3-hydroxyacyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency  
 Luteinizing hormone resistance  
 Maple syrup urine disease, type IA  
 Maple syrup urine disease, type IB  
 Medium-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency  
 MEDNIK syndrome  
 Metachromatic leukodystrophy  
 Methylmalonic aciduria, cBlA type  
 Methylmalonic aciduria, cBlB type  
 Methylmalonic aciduria, cBlC type  
 Methylmalonic aciduria, MUT-related  
 Mitochondrial complex IV deficiency  
 Mitochondrial myopathy and sideroblastic anemia  
 Mucopolipidosis, type II/III alpha/beta  
 Mucopolipidosis, type IV  
 Mucopolysaccharidosis, type I-Hurler syndrome  
 Mucopolysaccharidosis, type II-Hunter syndrome (X-linked)\*  
 Mucopolysaccharidosis, type IIIC  
 Mucopolysaccharidosis, type VI  
 Mulibrey nanism  
 Multiple sulfatase deficiency  
 Muscle-eye-brain disease  
 Myotubular myopathy, MTM1-related (X-linked)\*

Nemaline myopathy 2  
 Nephrotic syndrome, type I  
 Neuronal ceroid lipofuscinosis, CLN5-related  
 Neuronal ceroid lipofuscinosis, CLN6-related  
 Neuronal ceroid lipofuscinosis, CLN8-related  
 Neuronal ceroid lipofuscinosis, MFSD8-related  
 Neuronal ceroid lipofuscinosis, PPT1-related  
 Neuronal ceroid lipofuscinosis, TPP1-related  
 Niemann-Pick disease, type A and B  
 Niemann-Pick disease, type C  
 Niemann-Pick disease, type CI  
 Niemann-Pick disease, type CII  
 Nijmegen breakage syndrome  
 Nonsyndromic hearing loss, GJB2-related  
 Omenn syndrome  
 Ornithine transcarbamylase deficiency (X-linked)\*  
 Ornithine translocase deficiency  
 Pendered syndrome  
 Phenylalanine hydroxylase deficiency  
 Pontocerebellar hypoplasia, type IA  
 Primary congenital glaucoma  
 Primary hyperoxaluria, type I  
 Primary hyperoxaluria, type II  
 Progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis, type II  
 Prolidase deficiency  
 Propionic acidemia, PCCA-related  
 Propionic acidemia, PCCB-related  
 Pseudoxanthoma elasticum  
 Pycnodysostosis  
 Pyruvate dehydrogenase deficiency, PDHB-related  
 Pyruvate dehydrogenase deficiency, PDHA1-related (X-linked)\*  
 Retinitis pigmentosa 59  
 Rhizomelic chondrodysplasia punctata, type I  
 Salla disease  
 Sandhoff disease  
 Severe combined immunodeficiency, RAG1-related  
 Severe combined immunodeficiency, IL2RG-related (X-linked)\*  
 Schwachman-Diamond syndrome  
 Sickle cell anemia (Hb S)  
 Sjögren-Larsson syndrome  
 Smith-Lemli-Opitz syndrome  
 Spastic ataxia of Charlevoix-Saguenay (ARSACS)  
 Spinal muscular atrophy  
 Steroid-resistant nephrotic syndrome  
 Stuve-Wiedemann syndrome  
 Sulfate transporter-related osteochondrodysplasia  
 Tay-Sachs disease  
 Tumoral calcinosis, normophosphatemic  
 Tyrosinemia, type I  
 Usher syndrome, type IB  
 Usher syndrome, type IC  
 Usher syndrome, type ID  
 Usher syndrome, type IF  
 Usher syndrome, type III  
 Very long-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency  
 Vitamin D-dependent rickets, type I  
 Walker-Warburg syndrome  
 Wilson disease  
 Zellweger syndrome spectrum, PEX6-related

## GLOBAL+ ONLY

Alpha-1 antitrypsin deficiency  
 Autosomal recessive woolly hair/hypotrichosis  
 Hereditary fructose intolerance  
 Hereditary hemochromatosis, HFE-related  
 Hereditary hemochromatosis, HFE2-related  
 Hereditary hemochromatosis, TFR2-related  
 Inclusion body myopathy, type II  
 Lamellar ichthyosis, type I  
 Limb-girdle muscular dystrophy, type 2B  
 Pseudocholinesterase deficiency  
 Spastic paraplegia, ZFYVE26-related  
 Xeroderma pigmentosum

\*X-linked diseases are not tested in males.